

**Independent Auditor's Report**

**To the Members of Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited**  
**(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")**

**Report on the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

**Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of **Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the period manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

**Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone financial statements.

**Other Information**

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the accompanying standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

**Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other Comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally

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**To the Members of Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Continue)**  
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accepted in India, including the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

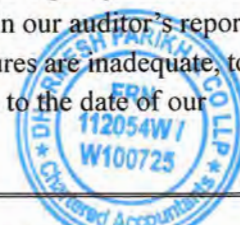
The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our



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**To the Members of Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Continue)**  
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auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

**Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except for the matters stated in sub-clause (2)(h)(F) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
  - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
  - f. The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph (b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) and in sub-clause (2)(h)(F) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
  - g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B";



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**To the Members of Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Continue)**  
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- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- A. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - B. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - C. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - D. (i) The management of the company has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in note 45 of notes to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;  
  
(ii) The management of the company has represented that, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in note 45 of notes to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and  
  
(iii) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material misstatement.
  - E. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
  - F. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software, except the audit trail feature is enabled, for certain direct changes to database when using certain privileged / administrative access rights which got stabilized and enabled from March 18, 2025, as described in note 42 to the standalone financial statements.



**Independent Auditor's Report**  
**To the Members of Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Continue)**  
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Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software where audit trail was enabled.

Additionally, the audit trail of relevant prior years has been preserved for record retention by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention, as described in note 42 to the standalone financial statements.

**3. With respect to the matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:**

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, managerial remuneration has not been paid /provided except for Director Sitting Fees. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable.

Place: Ahmedabad  
Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April, 2025

**For, DHARMESH PARIKH & CO LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No: 112054W/W100725

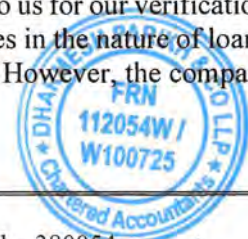


**Anjali Gupta**  
Partner  
Membership No. 191598  
UDIN - 25191598BMJEML7621

**Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report**  
**RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited**  
**(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")**  
(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date)

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025, we report that:

- i. a) (A) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use Assets.  
  
(B) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification the company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details of Intangible assets.
- b) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use Assets by which all Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use Assets are verified by the management in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain Property, Plant and Equipment and Right of Use Assets were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
- c) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company.
- d) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company does not revalue its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable.
- e) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. a) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification by the management is reasonable and the coverage and procedure of verification by management is appropriate and discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate was not noticed in respect of such verification.
- b) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, at any point of time during the year from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. However, the company has provided unsecured loan to its fellow subsidiaries.



**Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report**  
**RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Continue)**  
**(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")**  
(Referred to in Paragraph 1of our Report of even date)

- a) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has provided unsecured loan to its Fellow Subsidiaries as under,

	Guarantees	Security	Loans	Advances in nature of loans
Aggregate amount granted / provided during the year (Including accrued interest)				
- Subsidiaries (including fellow subsidiaries)	-	-	Rs. 458 Lakhs	-
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases (Including accrued interest)				
- Subsidiaries (including fellow subsidiaries)	-	-	Rs. 458 Lakhs	-

- b) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the investment in mutual funds and the terms and conditions of the loans granted to its fellow subsidiaries, are prima facie, not prejudicial to the company's interest.
- c) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, in respect of unsecured loans to its subsidiary, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and repayments or receipts are regular. Further, unrealised interest has been capitalised to the principal amount as per ICD agreements entered between the parties.
- d) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, there are no amounts of loan which are overdue for more than ninety days.
- e) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, all loans granted which has fallen due during the year, has not been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same parties. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(iii)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
- f) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records produced to us for our verification, the company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable.
- iv. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us and representations made by the Management, the Company has neither, directly nor indirectly, granted any loans, given any guarantees or provided any securities to the parties covered under section 185 of the Act. Accordingly, compliance under section 185 of the Act is not applicable to the company. According to the information and explanations



**Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report**

**RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Continue)**

**(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")**

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date)

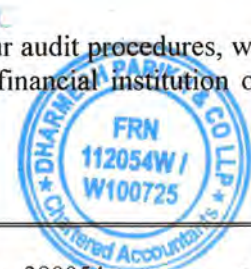
given to us, the Company is engaged in the business of providing infrastructural facilities and accordingly the provisions of Section 186 (except subsection (1) of Section 186) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investments referred in Section 186(1) of the Act.

- v. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public within the meaning of the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the relevant rules framed there under. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules 2014 prescribed by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the company's products/ services to which the said rules are made applicable and are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Income-Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income-Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues as referred in sub clause(a) as at 31 March 2025, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not surrendered or disclosed transactions as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ix. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender, although in case of loan taken from related parties, wherein as per the contractual terms of agreement, interest accrued as at year end and remaining unpaid has been added to amount of loans outstanding at year end. Further, during the year, against the outstanding loan amount of Rs 4516 lakhs, received from Ultimate Holding Company, the contractual terms of agreement were modified for extension of loan term by additional three years (extendable upto five years) which were scheduled to fall due in the next financial year.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority or any other lender.





**Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report**  
**RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Continue)**  
**(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")**  
(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date)

- c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there were no term loans obtained during the year.
- d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds were raised on short-term basis have been used for long term purpose by the company during the year under consideration.
- e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, the Company has not specifically taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the specific obligations of its subsidiaries, associate or joint venture.
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint venture or associate company. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(ix)(f) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- x. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement or not issued any fully or partly convertible debenture during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- xi. a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice in India, and according to the information and explanation given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees or any fraud reported during the year nor have been informed of any such case by the management.
- b) No report on any matter under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions of Clauses 3 (xii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable.
- xiii. As per information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, all the transaction with related parties are in compliance with section 188 Companies Act 2013, wherever applicable, and all the details have been disclosed in Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the company and accordingly the requirements of reporting under clause 3(xiii) of the order is so far as it relates to section 177 of the act is not applicable to the company.

**Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report**  
**RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Continue)**  
**(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")**  
(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date)

- xiv. a) In our Opinion the company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the company issued till date of audit report, for the period under audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions, within the meaning of Section 192 of the Act, with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(b) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(xvi)(c) & (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- d) According to the information and explanation given to us and as represented by the management of company the Group does not have any Core Investment Company as part of the Group.
- xvii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company does not have cash loss in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(xvii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xviii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year in the company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios (refer note 37 of standalone financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence (including support letter of ultimate holding company) supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

**Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report**  
**RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Continue)**  
**(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")**  
(Referred to in Paragraph 1 of our Report of even date)

- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, section 135 is not applicable on the company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

Place: Ahmedabad  
Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April, 2025

**For, DHARMESH PARIKH & CO LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No: 112054W/W100725



**Anjali Gupta**  
Partner  
Membership No. 191598  
UDIN - 25191598BMJEML7621



**Annexure – B to the Independent Auditor's Report**  
**RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited**  
**(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")**

(Referred to in Paragraph 2(g) of our Report of even date)

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act 2013 (the act)**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")** ("the Company") as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

**Management's Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

**Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting includes obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

**Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external



**Annexure – B to the Independent Auditor's Report**  
**RE: Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Continue)**  
**(Formerly known as "Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited")**

(Referred to in Paragraph 2(g) of our Report of even date)

purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

**Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

**Opinion**

In our opinion the company has, in all material aspects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place: Ahmedabad  
Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April, 2025

**For, DHARMESH PARIKH & CO LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No: 112054W/W100725



*Anjali*

**Anjali Gupta**  
Partner  
Membership No. 191598  
UDIN - 25191598BMJEML7621

**ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED**  
**(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)**  
**Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025**

**adani**  
Renewables

Particulars	Notes	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non - Current Assets</b>			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4.1	33,226	34,515
(b) Right Of Use Assets	4.2	1,101	1,145
(c) Capital Work In Progress	4.3	5	3
(d) Intangible Assets	4.4	0	1
(e) Financial Assets			
(i) Loans	5	458	-
(ii) Other Financial Assets	6	1,916	1,824
(f) Income Tax Assets (Net)		12	14
(g) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	7	-	103
(h) Other Non - Current Assets	8	1	46
<b>Total Non - Current Assets</b>		<b>36,719</b>	<b>37,651</b>
<b>Current Assets</b>			
(a) Inventories	9	50	55
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	10	1,476	2,633
(ii) Trade Receivables	11	778	575
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	12	240	180
(iv) Other Financial Assets	13	81	36
(c) Other Current Assets	14	4	9
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		<b>2,629</b>	<b>3,488</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>39,348</b>	<b>41,139</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>EQUITY</b>			
(a) Equity Share Capital	15	5,049	5,049
(b) Other Equity	16	184	(306)
<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>5,233</b>	<b>4,743</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Non - Current Liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	17	26,206	27,139
(ia) Lease Liabilities	30	986	978
(b) Provisions	18	190	177
(c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)	7	69	-
(d) Other Non - Current liabilities	19	2,884	2,756
<b>Total Non - Current Liabilities</b>		<b>30,335</b>	<b>31,050</b>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	20	1,161	1,081
(ia) Lease Liabilities	30	94	90
(ii) Trade Payables	21		
i. Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		7	13
ii. Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		78	101
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	22	2,292	3,953
(b) Other Current Liabilities	23	148	108
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		<b>3,780</b>	<b>5,346</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<b>34,115</b>	<b>36,396</b>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>		<b>39,348</b>	<b>41,139</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725



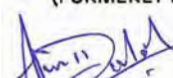
Anjali Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 191598



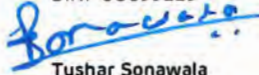
For and on behalf of the board of directors of  
**ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED**  
**(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)**



Apurva Dalal

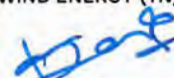
Whole-time Director

DIN: 08655229



Tushar Sonawala

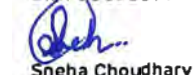
Chief Financial Officer



Ketan Dave

Director

DIN: 08658614



Sneha Choudhary

Company Secretary

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 25th April, 2025

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 25th April, 2025





**ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED**  
**(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)**  
**Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2025**



Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
<b>Income</b>			
Revenue from Operations	24	4,944	5,161
Other Income	25	298	473
<b>Total Income</b>		<b>5,242</b>	<b>5,634</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Finance Costs	26	2,705	2,985
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	4.1, 4.2 and 4.4	1,367	1,367
Other Expenses	27	508	549
<b>Total Expenses</b>		<b>4,580</b>	<b>4,901</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>662</b>	<b>733</b>
<b>Tax Charge :</b>	28		
Current Tax		-	-
Deferred Tax Charge		172	178
<b>Total Tax Charge</b>		<b>172</b>	<b>178</b>
<b>Profit for the year</b>	<b>Total A</b>	<b>490</b>	<b>555</b>
<b>Other Comprehensive Income</b>			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		-	-
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		-	-
<b>Total Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)</b>	<b>Total B</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year (Net of Tax)</b>	<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>490</b>	<b>555</b>
<b>Earnings Per Equity Share (EPS)</b> (Face Value ₹ 10 Per Share)			
<b>Basic and Diluted EPS (₹)</b>	35	0.97	1.10

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

  
Anjali Gupta

Partner

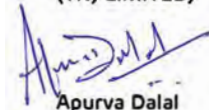
Membership No. 191598



Place : Ahmedabad

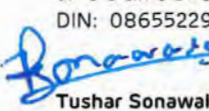
Date : 25th April, 2025

For and on behalf of the board of directors of  
**ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED**  
**(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY**  
**(TN) LIMITED)**

  
Apurva Dalal

Whole-time Director

DIN: 08655229

  
Tushar Sonawala

Chief Financial Officer

  
Ketan Dave

Director

DIN: 08658614

  
Sneha Choudhary

Company Secretary

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 25th April, 2025



**ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED**  
**(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)**  
**Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March, 2025**

**adani**  
Renewables

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Equity Share Capital		Other equity	Total
			Reserves and Surplus	
	No. of Shares	Amount	Retained Earnings	
<b>As at 1st April, 2023</b>	<b>50,490,000</b>	<b>5,049</b>	<b>(861)</b>	<b>4,188</b>
Profit for the year	-	-	555	555
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>555</b>
<b>As at 31st March, 2024</b>	<b>50,490,000</b>	<b>5,049</b>	<b>(306)</b>	<b>4,743</b>
Profit for the year	-	-	490	490
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>490</b>	<b>490</b>
<b>As at 31st March, 2025</b>	<b>50,490,000</b>	<b>5,049</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>5,233</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725



**Anjali Gupta**

Partner

Membership No. 191598



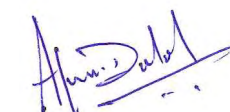
Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 25th April, 2025

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

**ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED**

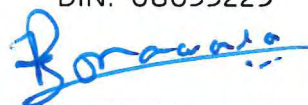
**(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)**



**Apurva Dalal**

Whole-time Director

DIN: 08655229



**Tushar Sonawala**

Chief Financial Officer



**Ketan Dave**

Director

DIN: 08658614



**Sneha Choudhary**

Company Secretary



Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 25th April, 2025

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
<b>(A) Cash flow from operating activities</b>		
Profit before tax	662	733
<b>Adjustment to reconcile the Profit before tax to net cash flows:</b>		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	1,367	1,367
Interest Income	(187)	(204)
Loss on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	41	5
Gain on sale / fair valuation of investments measured at FVTPL (net)	(111)	(260)
Finance Costs	2,705	2,985
<b>Operating Profit before working capital adjustments</b>	<b>4,477</b>	<b>4,626</b>
<b>Working Capital changes</b>		
<b>(Increase) / Decrease in Operating Assets</b>		
Other Current Assets	4	2
Inventories	19	7
Trade Receivables	(203)	67
<b>Increase / (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities</b>		
Other Current Financial Liabilities	0	0
Other Current Liabilities	40	1
Other Liabilities	127	(106)
Trade Payables	(28)	27
<b>Net Working Capital Changes</b>	<b>(41)</b>	<b>(2)</b>
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>4,436</b>	<b>4,624</b>
Add / (Less) : Income Tax Refund / (Paid) (net)	2	(5)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities (A)</b>	<b>4,438</b>	<b>4,619</b>
<b>(B) Cash flow from investing activities</b>		
Capital expenditure on acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets (including capital advances, capital creditors and capital work-in-progress)	(2,139)	(79)
Proceeds from Sale / Discard of Property, Plant and Equipment	2	2
Fixed / Margin Money deposits (placed) (net)	(91)	(961)
Investment in units of Mutual Funds (net)	1,268	(669)
Non Current Loans given to related parties	(425)	-
Interest received	110	186
<b>Net cash (used in) investing activities (B)</b>	<b>(1,275)</b>	<b>(1,521)</b>
<b>(C) Cash flow from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from Non Current borrowings	-	230
Repayment of Non Current borrowings	(1,207)	(2,853)
Payment of Lease Liabilities	(97)	(93)
Finance Costs Paid	(1,799)	(2,348)
<b>Net cash (used in) financing activities (C)</b>	<b>(3,103)</b>	<b>(5,064)</b>
<b>Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>(1,966)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>2,146</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>180</b>
Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 12)		
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	240	180
	<b>240</b>	<b>180</b>





**ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED**  
**(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)**  
**Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31st March, 2025**

**adani**  
Renewables

**Notes:**

- Interest expense accrued of ₹ 348 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 98 Lakhs) on Inter Corporate Deposit ("ICD") taken from related parties and interest income accrued of ₹ 33 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ Nil Lakhs) on ICD given to related parties, have been included to the ICD balances as on reporting date in terms of the Contract.
- Disclosure of changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes under Para 44A as set out in Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash flows" under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2017 (as amended) is as under.

Particulars	As at 1st April, 2024	Net Cash Flows	Others (refer note 1 above)	Changes in fair values, accruals & modification	As at 31st March, 2025
Non Current borrowings (Including current maturities) (refer note 17)	28,220	(1,207)	348	5	27,366
Lease Liabilities (refer note 30)	1,068	(97)	-	109	1,080
Interest Accrued but not due	1,857	(1,799)	(348)	2,578	2,288

Particulars	As at 1st April, 2023	Net Cash Flows	Others (refer note 1 above)	Changes in fair values, accruals & modification	As at 31st March, 2024
Non Current borrowings (Including current maturities) (refer note 17)	30,740	(2,623)	98	5	28,220
Lease Liabilities (refer note 30)	1,055	(93)	-	106	1,068
Interest Accrued but not due	545	(2,348)	(98)	3,758	1,857

- The Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in the "Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 - Statement of Cash Flows" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725



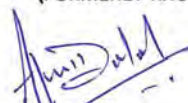
Anjali Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 191598



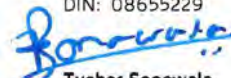
For and on behalf of the board of directors of  
**ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED**  
**(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)**



Apurva Dalal

Whole-time Director

DIN: 08655229



Tushar Sonawala

Chief Financial Officer



Ketan Dave

Director

DIN: 08658514



Sneha Choudhary

Company Secretary

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 25th April, 2025

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 25th April, 2025



**Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited)**  
**Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025**

**1. Corporate Information**

Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited (Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited) is a company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (CIN - U40106GJ2018PLC104745). The registered office of the Company is located at "Adani Corporate House", Shantigram, Near Vaishno Devi Circle, S. G. Highway, Khodiyar, Ahmedabad-382421, Gujarat.

The Company has installed capacity of 75 MW at Chibon, Chitrakoot to augment renewable power supply in the state of Uttar Pradesh. The Company renewable sells power generated from 75 MW solar power project under long term Power Purchase Agreement (PPA)

**2. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation and presentation**

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) read with section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 and presentation requirements of Division II of schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended). The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value (as explained in the accounting policies below):

- i. Derivative Financial Instruments
- ii. Certain financial assets and liabilities

The Company's financial statements are presented in INR (₹) (Indian Rupees), and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs, except when otherwise indicated. Amounts less than ₹ 50,000 have been presented as "0".

**3. Summary of Material accounting policies**

**a. Property, plant and equipment**

**i. Recognition and measurement**

Property, plant and equipment are stated at acquisition cost grossed up with the amount of tax / duty benefits availed, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

All Directly Attributable costs, including borrowing costs incurred up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use and for qualifying assets, are capitalised along with the respective asset.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use, cost of testing whether the asset is functioning properly, after deducting the net proceeds from selling power generated while ensuring the asset at that location and condition are properly operational, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the items and



**Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited)**

**Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025**

restoring the site on which it is located. Excess of net sale proceeds if power generated over the cost of testing, if any, have been deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as part of cost of item of property, plant and equipment. The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, cost of testing whether the asset is functioning properly, after deducting the net proceeds from selling any power generated while ensuring the asset to that location and condition are properly operational and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives and they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

**ii. Subsequent measurement**

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred. Subsequent costs are depreciated over the residual life of the respective assets.

**iii. Depreciation**

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using Straight Line method. The useful life of property, plant and equipment is considered based on life prescribed in part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, except in case of the Plant and Equipment in the nature of solar equipments, in whose case the life of the assets has been estimated at 30 years based on assessment taking into account the nature of assets, the estimated usage of the assets, the operating condition of the assets, anticipated technical changes, manufacturer warranties and maintenance support. In case of major components identified, depreciation is provided based on the useful life of each such component based on technical assessment, if materially different from that of the main asset.





**Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited)**

**Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025**

**iv. Derecognition**

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**b. Capital Work in Progress**

Directly attributable Expenditure related to and incurred during implementation (net of incidental income from selling power generated while bringing the asset to that location and condition) of capital projects to get the assets ready for intended use and for a qualifying asset is included under "Capital Work in Progress (including related inventories)". The same is allocated to the respective items of property plant and equipment on completion of construction (development of infrastructure) / erection of the capital project / property plant and equipment. Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.

**c. Financial Instruments**

A Financial Instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A financial asset (except for trade receivable) and financial liability is initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**Offsetting**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a legally enforceable right (not contingent on future events) to off-set the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

**d. Financial assets**

**Initial recognition and measurement**

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the assets. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades).

**Subsequent measurement**

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.



**Adani Solar Energy Chitrakoot One Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Adani Wind Energy (TN) Limited)**  
**Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2025**

**Classification and measurement of Financial Assets:**

**Financial assets measured at amortised cost**

Financial assets that meet the criteria for subsequent measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate (EIR) method (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

Amortised Cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

**Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)**

Financial assets that meet the criteria for initial recognition at FVTOCI are remeasured at fair value at the end of each reporting date through other comprehensive income (OCI).

**Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)**

Financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are remeasured at fair value at the end of each reporting date through profit and loss.

**Derecognition of financial assets**

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of that financial asset.

**Impairment of Financial assets**

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, trade receivables and other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset.

The Company measures the loss allowance for a trade receivable and contract assets by following 'simplified approach' at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. In the case of other financial assets, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss and where credit risk has increased, significantly, lifetime ECL is used.

**e. Financial liabilities and equity instruments**

**Classification as debt or equity**

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.



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**Financial liabilities**

**Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

**Subsequent measurement**

For the purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified under two categories:

- Financial liabilities at amortised cost
- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

**Classification of Financial liabilities:**

**Financial liabilities at amortised cost**

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. The EIR amortization expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)**

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if these are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company those are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. Subsequent changes in fair value of liabilities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

**Derecognition of financial liabilities**

On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liabilities derecognized and the consideration paid / payable is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In case of derecognition of financial liabilities relating to promoters contribution, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid / payable is recognised in other equity.

**Offsetting Financial Instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a legally enforceable right (not contingent on future events) to off-set the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.





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**f. Inventories**

Inventories in the nature of stores and spare parts are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses where considered necessary. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Cost of Inventories comprises all cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the cost, weighted average cost method is used.

Stores and Spares which do not meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are accounted as inventories.

**g. Current and non-current classification**

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle for determining current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities in the Balance sheet other than deferred tax assets and liabilities which are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

**h. Taxation**

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside the Statement of Profit or Loss is recognised outside the Statement of Profit or Loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Except for the effect of distribution on unsecured perpetual debt credited in statement of profit and loss on other equity. Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognized for the future tax consequences of deductible temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences except when the deferred tax liability arises at the time of transaction that affects neither the accounting profit or loss nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and Deferred tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.



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Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when;

- (a) The deferred tax asset relating to temporary differences arising at the time of transaction that affects neither the accounting profit or loss nor the taxable profit or loss.
- (b) In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint venture entities, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future and, When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination.

**i. Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) (net off distribution on Unsecured Perpetual Securities whether declared or not) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

**j. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets**

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of amount cannot be made. Contingent liabilities may arise from litigation, taxation and other claims against the Company. The contingent liabilities are disclosed where it is management's assessment that the outcome of any litigation and other claims against the Company is uncertain or cannot be reliably quantified, unless the likelihood of an adverse outcome is remote.

**k. Revenue recognition**

The accounting policies for the specific revenue streams of the Company are summarized below:

**a) Revenue from power supply**

The Company's contracts with customers for the sale of electricity generally include one performance obligation. The Company has concluded that revenue from sale of electricity, net of discounts, incentives / disincentives, if any, should be recognised at the point in time when electricity is supplied to the customers.

- b)** Interest income is accrued on time basis at Effective Interest Rate (EIR) applicable. Interest income is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



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**I. Leases**

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

**The Company as lessee**

The Company recognises right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets.

The Company applies the available practical expedients wherein it:

- (a) Used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- (b) Relies on its assessment of whether leases are onerous immediately before the date of initial application
- (c) Applies the short-term leases exemptions to leases with lease term that ends within 12 months at the date of initial application
- (d) Includes the initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application

Uses hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease

**Right of Use Assets:**

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lessor transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the lessee by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Company will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

**Lease Liability**

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments to be paid over the lease term at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. Subsequently, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

For a lease modification that is not a separate lease, at the effective date of the modification, the lessee accounts for the lease modification by remeasuring the lease liability using a discount rate determined at that date and the lessee makes a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset.





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**m. Impairment of non-financial assets**

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of non-financial assets, assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

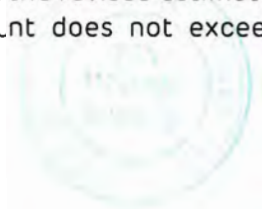
The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budget and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's cash-generating unit to which the individual assets are allocated. For longer periods, a long term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budget / forecasts, the Company estimates cash flow projections based on estimated growth rate.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Assets (other than goodwill) for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the Company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been



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determined had no impairment loss been recognised. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**n. Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale, based on borrowings incurred specifically for financing the asset or the weighted average rate of all other borrowings, if no specific borrowings have been incurred for the asset. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing cost.

**o. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Statement of Cash Flow comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks where the original maturity is three months or less.

**p. Fair Value Measurement**

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives and mutual funds at fair value at each balance sheet date.

The Company's management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.



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External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as unquoted financial assets and financial liabilities and derivatives.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

**q. Government grants**

The Company recognises government grants only when there is reasonable assurance that grant will be received, and all the attached conditions will be complied with. Where Government grants relates to non-monetary assets, the cost of assets is presented at gross value and grant significantly complied thereon is recognised as income in the statement of profit and loss over the useful life of the related assets in proportion in which depreciation is charged.

Grants related to income are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the same period as the related cost which they are intended to compensate are accounted for.

**3.1 Use of estimates and judgements**

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures including contingent liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on experience and other factors that management considers to be relevant. Actual results may significantly differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis by the management of the Company. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

**Key Sources of Estimation uncertainty:**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty and judgements at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

**i. Useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment**

In case of the solar power generation equipments (assets), in whose case the life of the assets has been estimated at 30 years based on technical assessment, taking into account the nature of the assets, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating condition of the asset, anticipated technological changes, manufacturer warranties and maintenance support, except for some major





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components identified during the year, depreciation on the same is provided based on the useful life of each such component based on technical assessment, if materially different from that of the main asset.

**ii. Fair value measurement of financial instruments**

In estimating the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, the Company uses market observable data to the extent available. Where such Level 1 inputs are not available, the Company establishes appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

**iii. Taxes**

Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies and future recoverability of deferred tax assets. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realisable could reduce if the estimates of the future taxable income are reduced. In assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets, the Company relies on the same forecast assumptions used elsewhere in the financial statements.

**iv. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets**

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted future cash flows model. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted future cash flows model as well as the expected future cash-inflows.

**v. Impairment of Financial Assets**

The impairment provisions for trade receivables are made considering simplified approach based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The



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Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on the Company's past history and other factors at the end of each reporting period. In case of other financial assets, the Company applies general approach for recognition of impairment losses wherein the Company uses judgement in considering the probability of default upon initial recognition and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period.

**vi. Recognition of Revenue from Power Supply**

In case of pending tariff regulatory matters, the recognition of revenue is a matter of judgement based on facts and circumstances. The Company evaluates the fact pattern and circumstances, for each such regulatory matters. The revenue is recognised only when there is probability that the Company is entitled to the collection of consideration, as per the principles enunciated under Ind AS 115.

**vii. Provision for dismantling cost**

As part of the identification and measurement of assets and liabilities, the Company has recognised a provision for dismantling obligations associated with a Lease hold land. In determining the fair value of the provision, assumptions and estimates are made in relation to discount rates, the expected cost to dismantle and remove the plant from the site in order to remediate the environmental damage caused and the expected timing of those costs.

**viii. Leases - Estimating the incremental borrowing rate**

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Company 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Company estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain estimates (Such as company's credit rating).

**ix. Government Grant**

Significant management judgment is required to determine the timing and extent of recognition of any grants received from Government. They can only be recognized upon reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attached to the grant.

**x. Recognition of Revenue from Power Supply**

In case of variable consideration for change in law claims, the Company does not account for the same until it is approved by appropriate authorities applying guidance on constraining estimates for variable consideration.



4.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

(₹ in Lakhs)

Net Carrying amount of:	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Land - Freehold	64	15
Plant and Equipments	32,742	33,956
Building	382	508
Furniture and Fixtures	5	5
Computer Hardware	6	6
Office Equipment	21	18
Vehicles	6	7
	<b>33,226</b>	<b>34,515</b>

(₹ in Lakhs)

Description of Assets	Property, Plant and Equipment							Total
	Land - Freehold	Plant and Equipments	Buildings	Furniture and Fixtures	Computer Hardware	Office Equipments	Vehicles	
<b>I. Cost</b>								
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	-	37,609	612	5	5	22	10	38,263
Additions for the year	15	17	201	-	4	8	0	245
Disposals for the year	-	(200)	-	-	-	(1)	-	(201)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	15	37,426	813	5	9	29	10	38,307
Additions for the year	49	18	-	-	2	9	-	78
Disposals for the year	-	(48)	-	-	-	-	-	(48)
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	64	37,396	813	5	11	38	10	38,337
<b>II. Accumulated depreciation</b>								
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	-	2,288	171	0	2	7	2	2,470
Depreciation expense for the year	-	1,189	134	0	1	5	1	1,330
Disposals for the year	-	(7)	-	-	-	(1)	-	(8)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	-	3,470	305	0	3	11	3	3,792
Depreciation expense for the year	-	1,188	126	0	2	6	1	1,323
Disposals for the year	-	(4)	-	-	-	-	-	(4)
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	-	4,654	431	0	5	17	4	5,111

**Note:**

For charges created refer note 17 and 20.



#### 4.2 Right of Use Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Carrying amount of:		
Lease hold Land	1,101	1,145
	<b>1,101</b>	<b>1,145</b>

(₹ in Lakhs)

Description of Assets	Lease hold land	Total
<b>I. Cost</b>		
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	1,294	1,294
Addition during the year	-	-
Disposals for the year	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	1,294	1,294
Addition during the year	-	-
Disposals for the year	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	1,294	1,294
<b>II. Accumulated depreciation</b>		
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	106	106
Depreciation expense during the year	43	43
Disposals for the year	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	149	149
Depreciation expense during the year	44	44
Disposals for the year	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	193	193

**Note:**

For charges created refer note 17 and 20.





4.3 Capital Work In Progress

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Opening Balance	3	24
Additions during the year	26	209
Capitalised during the year	(29)	(230)
Addition to capital inventory	5	-
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>

Notes:

- (i) For charges created refer note 17 and 20.  
(ii) CWIP Ageing Schedule:

a. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2025

Capital Work In Progress	Amount in CWIP for a period of				(₹ in Lakhs)
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Spares and Equipments	5	-	-	-	5
	5	-	-	-	5

b. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2024

Capital Work In Progress	Amount in CWIP for a period of				(₹ in Lakhs)
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Spares and Equipments	-	3	0	-	3
	-	3	0	-	3

(iii) The Company does not have any project temporarily suspended or any CWIP which is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as at 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024.



4.4 Intangible Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		
	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Net Carrying Amount of:		
Computer software	0	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>

(₹ in Lakhs)

Description of Assets	Computer software	Total
<b>I. Cost</b>		
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	-	-
Additions for the year	1	1
Disposals for the year	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31st March, 2024</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Additions for the year	-	-
Disposals for the year	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31st March, 2025</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>II. Accumulated Amortisation</b>		
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	-	-
Amortisation expense for the year	0	0
Disposals for the year	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31st March, 2024</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Amortisation expense for the year	1	1
Disposals for the year	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31st March, 2025</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>

Notes:

For charges created refer note 17 and 20.



5 Non Current Loan

Loans to related parties (refer notes below)

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	458	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>-</b>

Notes:

- (i) Loans to related parties are receivable on mutually agreed terms within a period of five years from the date of agreement and carry an interest rate of 10.60% p.a.  
(ii) For balances with related parties refer note 36.  
(iii) For charges created refer note 17 and 20.  
(iv) Unrealised interest at year end is added with the principal amount as per the terms of the agreement. Refer foot note 1 of Cashflow Statement.

6 Other Non Current Financial Assets

Balances held as Margin Money or security against borrowings (refer note (i) below)  
Security deposit

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	1,916	1,824
	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,916</b>	<b>1,824</b>

Notes:

- (i) Debt Service Reserve Account (DSRA) Deposits against Rupee Term Loans which is expected to roll over after the maturity till the tenure of Rupee Term Loans.  
(ii) For charges created refer note 17 and 20.

7 Deferred Tax (Liabilities) / Assets (Net)

Deferred Tax Liabilities on

Difference between book base and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment  
Mark to Market on Mutual Funds

Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities

Deferred Tax Assets on

Right of Use Assets / Lease liability  
Unabsorbed depreciation  
Asset Retirement Obligation

Gross Deferred Tax Assets

Net Deferred Tax (Liabilities) / Assets

Movement in deferred tax liabilities (net) for the Financial Year 2024-25  
Particulars

Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities:

Difference between book base and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment  
Mark to Market on Mutual Funds

Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities

Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets :

Right of Use Assets / Lease liability  
Unabsorbed depreciation  
Asset Retirement Obligation

Gross Deferred Tax Assets

Net Deferred Tax Assets

	As at 1st April, 2024	Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	Recognised in OCI	As at 31st March 2025
	6,097	360	-	6,457
	18	(10)	-	8
	<b>6,115</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,465</b>
	103	(22)	-	81
	6,070	197	-	6,267
	45	3	-	48
	<b>6,218</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,396</b>
	<b>103</b>	<b>(172)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(69)</b>

Movement in deferred tax assets (net) for the Financial Year 2023-24  
Particulars

Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities:

Difference between book base and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment  
Mark to Market on Mutual Funds

Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities

Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets :

Right of Use Assets / Lease liability  
Unabsorbed depreciation  
Asset Retirement Obligation

Gross Deferred Tax Assets

Net Deferred Tax Assets

	As at 1st April, 2023	Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	Recognised in OCI	As at 31st March 2024
	5,308	789	-	6,097
	4	14	-	18
	<b>5,312</b>	<b>803</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,115</b>
	47	56	-	103
	5,504	566	-	6,070
	42	3	-	45
	<b>5,593</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,218</b>
	<b>281</b>	<b>(178)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>103</b>

Note:

The Company has entered into long term power purchase agreement with Central distribution company for period of 30 years, pursuant to this management is reasonably certain that the unabsorbed depreciation will be utilized. Unabsorbed depreciation can be utilised at any time without any restriction or time-frame.

Unused Tax Losses:

Unused tax losses (revenue in nature)

Above unused tax losses are pertaining to Financial Year 2020-21 which will expire in FY 2028-29.

No deferred tax asset has been recognised on the above unutilised tax losses as there is no probable reasonable certainty at the reporting date that sufficient taxable profit will be available in the future against which they can be utilised by the Company.

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	4	4
	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>

8 Other Non - Current Assets

Capital advances (refer note (i) below)

Notes:

- (i) For balances with related parties refer note 36.  
(ii) For charges created refer note 17 and 20.



	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	1	46
<b>Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>46</b>

9 Inventories  
(At lower of Cost or Net Realisable Value)

Stores and Spares

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	50	55
<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>55</b>

Note:

For charges created refer note 17 and 20.

10 Current Investments

(Investment measured at FVTPL)

Investment in Mutual Funds (Unquoted and fully paid)

6,609 Units (Previous year - 2,76,326) of Birla Sun Life Cash Plus - Growth-Direct Plan  
Nil Units (Previous year - 21,151) of HDFC Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Growth Option  
867 Units (Previous year - 8,471) of SBI Liquid Fund Direct Growth  
Nil Units (Previous year - 3,896 Units) of Aditya Birla Overnight Fund Growth-Direct-Plan  
33,238 Units (Previous year - 4,597 Units) of UTI Liquid Cash Plan-Direct Plan Growth

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	28	1,077
	-	1,003
	35	320
	-	51
	1,413	182
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,476</b>	<b>2,633</b>

Aggregate amount of carrying value and net asset value of unquoted investments

Note:

For charges created refer note 17 and 20.

11 Trade Receivable

Secured, considered good

Unsecured, considered good (refer note 39)

Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk

Trade Receivables - Credit impaired

Less: Loss allowance for credit impaired

Unbilled receivable (refer note 39)

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	-	-
	253	49
	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
	525	526
<b>Total</b>	<b>778</b>	<b>575</b>

Notes:

(i) For charges created refer note 17 and 20.

(ii) Expected Credit Loss (ECL)

Trade receivables of the Company are majorly from State Electricity Distribution Companies (SECI) which are Government entities and from related parties with credit period of 30-45 days. The Company is regularly receiving its dues from SECI and related parties. Delayed payments carries interest as per the terms of agreements with SECI and related parties. Trade receivables are majorly due for lesser than one year, accordingly in relation to these dues, the Company does not foresee any Credit Risk.

(iii) Ageing Schedule:

a. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2025

Sr No	Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of receipt					Total
				Less than 6 months	6 Months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
1	Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good	525	224	29	0	-	-	-	778
2	Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Disputed Trade receivables - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Allowance for impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>525</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>778</b>





b. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2024

Sr No	Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of receipt					Total
				Less than 6 months	6 Months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
1	Undisputed Trade receivables - Considered good	526	16	0	-	-	33	-	575
2	Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Disputed Trade receivables - Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Allowance for impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>526</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>575</b>

12 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Balances with banks  
In current accounts

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
<b>Total</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>180</b>

**Note :**

For charges created refer note 17 and 20.

13 Other Current Financial Assets

Security deposit  
Interest Accrued (refer note (ii) below)

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
<b>Total</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>36</b>

**Notes :**

(i) For charges created refer note 17 and 20.

(ii) Unrealised interest at year end is added with the principal amount as per the terms of agreement, refer footnote 1 of Cashflow Statement

14 Other Current Assets

Advance for supply of goods and services (refer note (i) below)  
Prepaid Expenses

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
<b>Total</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>9</b>

**Notes:**

(i) For balances with related parties refer note 36.

(ii) For charges created refer note 17 and 20.

15 Equity Share Capital

Authorised Share Capital  
50,490,000 (Previous year - 50,490,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,049</b>	<b>5,049</b>

Issued, Subscribed and fully paid-up Equity Shares  
50,490,000 (Previous year - 50,490,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,049</b>	<b>5,049</b>

**a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year**  
**Equity Shares**

At the beginning of the year  
Issued during the year  
Outstanding at the end of the year

As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
No. of Shares	(₹ in Lakhs)	No. of Shares	(₹ in Lakhs)
50,490,000	5,049	50,490,000	5,049
<b>50,490,000</b>	<b>5,049</b>	<b>50,490,000</b>	<b>5,049</b>

**b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.



**c. Shares held by holding entity**

Out of equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding entity is as under:

	As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
	No. of Shares	(₹ in Lakhs)	No. of Shares	(₹ in Lakhs)
<b>Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid</b>				
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) (along with its nominees)	50,490,000	5,049	50,490,000	5,049

**d. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company**

	As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
	No. of Shares	% holding in the class	No. of Shares	% holding in the class
<b>Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid</b>				
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) (along with its nominees)	50,490,000	100%	50,490,000	100%
<b>Total</b>	<b>50,490,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>50,490,000</b>	<b>100%</b>

**e. Details of shares held by promoters**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025			As at 31st March, 2024		
	No. of Shares	% holding in the class	% Change	No. of Shares	% holding in the class	% Change
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited) (along with its nominees)	50,490,000	100%	-	50,490,000	100%	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>50,490,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>50,490,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>-</b>

**16 Other Equity**

**Retained earnings**

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Opening Balance	(306)	(861)
Add: Profit for the year	490	555
Closing Balance	<b>184</b>	<b>(306)</b>

**Note:**

Retained earnings represents the amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends considering the requirements of the Companies' Act, 2013.

**17 Non - Current Borrowings  
(At amortised cost)**

**Secured borrowings**

Term Loans (refer note (i) and (vi) below)

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
From Financial Institutions	17,139	18,300

**Unsecured borrowings**

9% Unsecured Compulsory Convertible Debenture (refer note 36 and note (ii) and (iii) below)  
From related parties (refer note 36 and note (iv) & (v) below)

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
9% Unsecured Compulsory Convertible Debenture	4,851	4,851
From related parties	4,216	3,988
<b>Total</b>	<b>26,206</b>	<b>27,139</b>

**Notes:**

**Security details and Repayment schedule for the balances as at 31st March, 2025**

(i) Rupee term loans from Financial Institutions aggregating to ₹ 18,380 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 19,468 Lakhs) is secured by first ranking pari passu charge on all immovable properties including the Project Land, all movable assets including Current Assets of the Borrower pertaining to the Project, both present and future. Further first ranking charge by way of assignment of all Project Documents both present and future including PPA/off taker contracts and intangibles, goodwill present and future related to the Project. Further secured by pledge of 51% of Equity shares of the Borrower, corporate guarantee of Adani Green Energy Limited. The same carries an interest rate 9.45% p.a. and are payable in 204 structured Monthly instalments starting from financial year 2022-23.

(ii) Compulsory Convertible Debentures shall be converted into equity shares using conversion ratio which is face value divided by price per equity share as determined by valuation methodology at the time of conversion.

(iii) 9% Compulsory Convertible Debentures issued by the, company are convertible any time before 20 years period from date of issue (i.e. 15th February, 2020).

(iv) Loans from related parties are repayable on mutually agreed terms within a period of five year from the date of agreement and carries an interest rate of 9.00% p.a.

(v) Unpaid interest at year end is added with the principal amount as per the terms of the agreement. Refer foot note 1 of Cashflow Statement.

(vi) The amount disclosed in security details is gross amount before adjustments towards unamortised cost.

(vii) For Maturity of Borrowings, refer note 31.

(viii) The interest on debentures is paid at the rate of 9.00% subject to approval of lender. The company has no right to defer such interest payment post approval of lender and hence it has been classified as current liability as interest accrued but not due.

**18 Non Current Provision**

Asset retirement obligations (refer note below)

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Asset retirement obligations	190	177
<b>Total</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>177</b>

**Note:**

**Movement in Asset Retirement Obligation**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Opening Balance	177	165
Addition during the year	-	-
Unwinding of Interest	13	12
Closing Balance	<b>190</b>	<b>177</b>



19 Other Non-Current Liabilities

Government Grant (Deferred Income)

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	2,884	2,756
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,884</b>	<b>2,756</b>

20 Current Borrowings

Secured Borrowings

Current maturities of Non-current borrowings

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	1,161	1,081
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,161</b>	<b>1,081</b>

Notes:

- (i) Security note for Current maturities of non current borrowings are covered in Non current borrowings schedule (refer note 17)  
(ii) For Maturity of Borrowings, refer note 31.

21 Trade Payables

Trade Payables

- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 38)  
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	7	13
	78	101
<b>Total</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>114</b>

Notes:

(i) For balances with related parties refer note 36.

(ii) Ageing schedule:

a. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2025

Sr No	Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment				Total
				Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
1	MSME	4	3	-	-	-	-	7
2	Others	28	21	27	2	-	-	78
3	Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<b>Total</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>85</b>

b. Balance as at As at 31st March, 2024

Sr No	Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment				Total
				Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
1	MSME	6	7	-	-	-	-	13
2	Others	27	14	58	2	-	-	101
3	Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<b>Total</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>114</b>

22 Other Current Financial Liabilities

Interest accrued but not due on borrowings (refer note (ii) below)

Capital Creditors (refer note (i) below)

Other Payables

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	2,288	1,857
	4	2,096
	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,292</b>	<b>3,953</b>

Note:

- (i) Capital creditors represents the amounts payable for purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment and Capital-Work-In-Progress. For total outstanding due of micro enterprises and small enterprises refer note 38  
(ii) For conversion of Interest accrued on Intercompany Deposits taken from related parties, refer footnote 1 of Cash Flow Statement.  
(iii) For interest accrued on debenture, refer footnote (viii) of note 17.

23 Other Current Liabilities

Statutory liabilities

Advance received from customers

Government Grant (Deferred Income)

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	4	1
	0	1
	144	106
<b>Total</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>108</b>

24 Revenue from Operations

Revenue From Contract with Customers (refer note 39)

Revenue from Power Supply (refer note below)

Other Operating Income

Income from Change in Law

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
	4,805	5,055
	139	106
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,944</b>	<b>5,161</b>



Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended on 31st March, 2025

Reconciliation the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Revenue as per contracted price	4,937	5,146
<b>Adjustments</b>		
Open access charges#	-	(5)
Discounts on prompt payments	132	96
<b>Revenue from contract with customers</b>	<b>4,805</b>	<b>5,055</b>

The Company does not have any remaining performance obligation for sale of goods.

# The Company has netted off Open Access Charges with Revenue from Power Supply in view of the revenue recognition criteria as per 'Ind AS 115: Revenue from Contract with Customers'. Corresponding netting off is also done in the comparative periods presented in the financial statements and the amounts are not material.

**Note:**

All revenues are point in time.

## 25 Other Income

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Interest Income (refer note (i) and (iii) below)	187	204
Net gain on sale / fair valuation of investments through profit and loss (refer note (ii) below)	111	260
Scrap Sale	-	0
Liabilities no longer required written back	0	9
<b>Total</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>473</b>

**Notes:**

(i) Interest income includes ₹ 150 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 143 Lakhs) from Bank deposits and ₹ 37 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ Nil Lakhs) from group companies and ₹ 1 Lakh (Previous year ₹ 0 Lakhs) from Interest on Income Tax Refund.

(ii) Includes fair value gain amounting to ₹ 38 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 52 lakhs)

(iii) For transactions with related parties refer note 36.

## 26 Finance costs

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
<b>(a) Interest Expenses on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:</b>		
Interest on Loans and Debentures (refer note below)	2,576	2,855
Interest on Lease Liabilities	108	107
Interest on Others	13	12
<b>(a)</b>	<b>2,697</b>	<b>2,974</b>
<b>(b) Other borrowing costs:</b>		
Bank Charges and Other Borrowing Costs	8	11
<b>(b)</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>Total (a+b)</b>	<b>2,705</b>	<b>2,985</b>

**Note:**

For transactions with related parties refer note 36.

## 27 Other Expenses

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Stores and Spares Consumed	20	17
Corporate cost allocation expenses (refer note below)	34	60
Legal and Professional Expenses	6	27
Rates and Taxes	9	-
Repairs, Operations and Maintenance		
Plant and Machinery (refer note below)	248	260
Others	0	0
Payment to Auditors		
Statutory Audit Fees	1	1
Others	-	-
Electricity Expenses	87	48
Insurance expenses	20	32
Directors' Sitting Fees	3	1
Office Expenses	1	1
Communication expenses	1	2
Loss on sale / discard of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	41	5
Conveyance Expense	33	26
Inventory written off	-	4
Miscellaneous Expenses	4	65
<b>Total</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>549</b>

**Note:**

For transactions with related parties refer note 36.





**28 Income Tax**

The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024 are:

**Income Tax Expense :**

**Current Tax:**

Current Tax Charge

(a)

**Deferred Tax**

In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences.

(b)

Total (a+b)

For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
--	--

-	-
-	-
172	178
172	178
172	178

**Particulars**

For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
--	--

Profit before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	662	733
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate @ 25.17% (Previous year @ 25.17%)	167	185
<b>Tax Effect of :</b>		
Income and Expenses not allowed under Income Tax	-	(7)
Tax impact on permanent differences	5	-
<b>Income tax recognised in statement of profit and loss at effective rate</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>178</b>



**29 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments (to the extent not provided for) :**

**(i) Contingent Liabilities :**

Based on the information available with the Company, there is no contingent liability as at the year ended 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024.

**(ii) Commitments :**

	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Other Commitment (estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on account and not provided for)	1	18
	<b>1</b>	<b>18</b>

**30 Leases**

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to short term leases of all the assets that have a lease term of twelve months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

The Company has lease contracts for land used in its operations. Leases of this items generally have lease terms of 30 years, the company is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 10.50%.

The following is the movement in Lease liabilities:

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)
<b>Balance as at 1st April, 2023</b>	<b>1,055</b>
Add: Interest expense incurred during the year	107
Less: Payments of Lease Liabilities	(94)
<b>Balance as at 31st March, 2024</b>	<b>1,068</b>
Add: Interest expense incurred during the year	108
Less: Payments of Lease Liabilities	(96)
<b>Balance as at 31st March, 2025</b>	<b>1,080</b>

Classification of Lease Liabilities:		( ₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Current Lease Liabilities	94	90
Non - Current Lease Liabilities	986	978
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,080</b>	<b>1,068</b>

Disclosure of expenses related to Leases:		( ₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2025	For the year ended 31st March, 2024
Interest expense on Lease Liabilities	108	107
Depreciation on Right of Use Assets	44	43
<b>Total</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>150</b>

For maturity profile of lease liabilities, refer note 31 of maturity profile of financial liabilities.

**31 Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Review**

The Company's risk management activities are subject to the management direction and control under the framework of Risk Management Policy as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Management ensures appropriate risk governance framework for the Company through appropriate policies and procedures and those risks are identified and measured properly.

The Company's financial liabilities comprise mainly of borrowings from banks and intercorporate deposits, lease liabilities, interest accrued, trade and other payables. The Company's financial assets comprise mainly of investments, cash and cash equivalents, interest accrued, trade receivables and other receivables.

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Market risk;
- Credit risk; and
- Liquidity risk

**Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and price risk.



**i) Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's non current debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a mixed portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings. The Company's borrowings from banks and financial institutions are at floating rate of interest and borrowings from related parties are at fixed rate of interest.

The sensitivity analysis have been carried out based on the exposure to interest rates for instruments not hedged against interest rate fluctuations at the end of the reporting period. The said analysis has been carried on the amount of floating rate non current liabilities outstanding at the end of the reporting period. A 50 basis point increase or decrease represents the management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

In case of fluctuation in interest rates by 50 basis points and all other variable were held constant, the Company's profit for the year would increase or decrease as follows:

	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Total Exposure of the Company to variable rate of borrowing	18,380	19,467
Impact on Profit before tax for the year	92	97

The year end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the year.

The company intends to hold investment in mutual fund for relatively shorter period of time and hence the interest rate risk is not material to that extent.

**ii) Foreign Currency risk**

Foreign Currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. There is no foreign currency exposure as at the year ending 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024. Hence, the Company's Profit for the year would have no impact.

**iii) Equity Price risk**

The Company does not have equity price risk.

**Credit risk**

**Trade Receivable:**

Trade receivables of the Company are mainly from Central Electricity Distribution Company (SECI) which are Government entities. The Company is regularly receiving its dues from SECI. Delayed payments carries interest as per the terms of agreements with SECI. Trade receivables are generally due for lesser than one year, accordingly in relation to these dues, the Company does not foresee any significant Credit Risk.

**Other Financial Assets:**

This comprises mainly of deposits with banks, interest accrued & others. Credit risk arising from these financial assets is limited and there is no collateral held against these because the counterparties are group companies, banks and recognised financial institutions. Banks and recognised financial institutions have high credit ratings assigned by the credit rating agencies.

**Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company monitors its risk of shortage of funds using cash flow forecasting models. These models consider the maturity of its financial investments, committed funding and projected cash flows from operations. The Company's objective is to provide financial resources to meet its business objectives in a timely, cost effective and reliable manner and to manage its capital structure. A balance between continuity of funding and flexibility is maintained through continued support from lenders, trade creditors as well as through issue of equity shares.

The Company expects to generate positive cash flows from operations in order to meet its financial liabilities as they fall due. The Company has unconditional financial support from Ultimate Holding Company including extension of repayment terms of borrowings, as and when needed.

**Maturity profile of financial liabilities :**

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

					(₹ in Lakhs)
As at 31st March, 2025	Note	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	More than 5 Years	Total
Borrowings*	17 and 20	3,671	17,765	29,658	51,094
Lease liabilities#	30	99	420	2,745	3,264
Trade Payables	21	85	-	-	85
Other Financial Liabilities	22	2,292	-	-	2,292
					(₹ in Lakhs)
As at 31st March, 2024	Note	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	More than 5 Years	Total
Borrowings*	17 and 20	3,668	17,238	28,257	49,163
Lease liabilities#	30	96	410	2,854	3,360
Trade Payables	21	114	-	-	114
Other Financial Liabilities	22	3,953	-	-	3,953

\* The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial liabilities including interest that will be paid on those liabilities upto the maturity of the instruments, ignoring the refinancing options available with the Company.

Carrying Value of Borrowings as on 31st March, 2025 is ₹ 27,447 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 28,306 Lakhs)

# Carrying Value of Lease Liabilities as on 31st March, 2025 is ₹ 1,080 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 1,068 Lakhs)



### 32 Capital Management

The Company's objectives for managing capital is to safeguard continuity and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and provide adequate return to shareholders through continuing growth. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from previous year.

The Company sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long-term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investments.

The funding requirements are met through a mixture of equity, internal fund generation, and other non current / current borrowings. The Company's policy is to use current and non current borrowings to meet anticipated funding requirements. The Company monitors capital on the basis of the net debt to equity ratio (Capital Gearing Ratio).

In order to achieve overall objective, the company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowing that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest bearing loans and borrowings in the current period. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024.

The Company believes that it will able to meet all its current liabilities and interest obligation on timely manner.

Particulars	Note	For the year ended 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Gross Debt	17 and 20	27,366	28,220
Less : Cash and cash equivalents (including other bank deposits and current investments)	6, 10 and 12	3,631	4,637
Net Debt (A)		23,735	23,583
Total Equity (B)	15 and 16	5,233	4,743
Total Capital C=(A+B)		28,968	28,326
Capital Gearing Ratio (A/C)		82%	83%

### 33 Fair Value Measurement :

a) The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of 31st March, 2025 is as follows :

Particulars	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total
<b>Financial Assets</b>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	240	240
Investments	1,476	-	1,476
Loans	-	458	458
Trade Receivables	-	778	778
Other Financial Assets	-	1,997	1,997
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,476</b>	<b>3,473</b>	<b>4,949</b>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>			
Borrowings	-	27,367	27,367
Trade Payables	-	85	85
Lease liabilities	-	1,080	1,080
Other Financial Liabilities	-	2,292	2,292
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>30,824</b>	<b>30,824</b>

b) The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of 31st March, 2024 is as follows :

Particulars	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Total
<b>Financial Assets</b>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	180	180
Investments	2,633	-	2,633
Trade Receivables	-	575	575
Other Financial Assets	-	1,861	1,861
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,633</b>	<b>2,616</b>	<b>5,249</b>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>			
Borrowings	-	28,220	28,220
Trade Payables	-	114	114
Lease liabilities	-	1,068	1,068
Other Financial Liabilities	-	3,953	3,953
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>33,355</b>	<b>33,355</b>

#### Notes:

(i) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost is not materially different its carrying value .

(ii) Trade Receivables, Cash and cash equivalents, Other bank balances, Investments, Other financial assets, Borrowings, Trade payables and Other financial liabilities: Fair values approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short-term maturities of these instruments.





34 Fair Value hierarchy :

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
	Level 2	Total	Level 2	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
Investments	1,476	1,476	2,633	2,633
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,476</b>	<b>1,476</b>	<b>2,633</b>	<b>2,633</b>

**Note:**

The fair values of investments in mutual fund units is based on net asset value NAV ('NAV').

35 Pursuant to the Indian Accounting Standard 33 – Earning per Share, the disclosure is as under:

	UOM	For the year ended 31st March, 2025	For the year ended 31st March, 2024
<b>Basic and Diluted EPS</b>			
Profit attributable to equity shareholders	(₹ in Lakhs)	490	555
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	No	50,490,000	50,490,000
Nominal Value of equity share	₹	10	10
Basic and Diluted EPS	₹	0.97	1.10

**Note:**

Since the number of shares to be issued on conversion of compulsory convertible debenture is to be ascertainable based on fair value of shares at the time of conversion, the potential equity shares for the purpose of computing diluted EPS cannot be ascertained.

36 Related party transactions

**a. List of related parties and relationship**

The Management has identified the following entities and individuals as related parties of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2025 for the purpose of reporting as per Ind AS 24 Related Party Disclosure which are as under:-

Entities with joint control of, or significant influence over, the Ultimate Holding company	: S. B. Adani Family Trust (SBAFT) (controlling entity) Adani Trading Services LLP (entity having significant influence) Adani Properties Private Limited (entity having significant influence) Ardour Investment Holding Limited (promotor group entity)
Ultimate holding Company	: Adani Green Energy Limited
Immediate holding Company	: Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited)
Entities under common control or Entities over which KMP of Ultimate Deemed Holding Company or their relatives are able to exercise significant influence / control (directly or indirectly) (with whom transactions are done)	: Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company (with whom transactions are done)	: Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited Adani Green Energy Six Limited Prayatna Developers Private Limited Adani Solar Energy AP Six Private Limited (Formerly known as SBG Cleantech Projectco Private Limited) Adani Renewable Energy Holding Four Limited (Formerly known as Adani Green Energy Four Limited) Adani Solar Energy Four Limited (Formerly known as Kilaj Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited)
Key Management Personnel	: Umesh Ved, Independent Director Ketan Dave, Director Alok Sharma, Whole-Time Director (upto 5th March, 2024) Koushlya Vijay Melwani, Independent Director Archana Dholakia, Independent Director (upto 6th April, 2023) Tushar Sonawala, Chief Financial Officer Sneha Choudhary, Company Secretary Mrs. Drishti Vesasi, Independent Director (w.e.f 6th April, 2023) Apurva Dinesh Dalal, Whole-Time Director (w.e.f 5th March, 2024) Alok Sharma, Chief Executive Officer (upto 5th March, 2024)

**Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties**

Outstanding balances of related parties at the year-end are unsecured. Transaction entered into with related party are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

**Note:**

The names of the related parties and nature of the relationships where control exists are disclosed irrespective of whether or not there have been transactions between the related parties. For others, the names and the nature of relationships is disclosed only when the transactions are entered into by the Company with the related parties during the existence of the related party relationship. Transactions in excess of 10% of the total related party transactions for each type has been disclosed in note below.



36b. Transactions with Related Parties

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2025				For the year ended 31st March, 2024			
	Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities under common control/ Associate entities	Key Management Personnel	Holding Company (including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities under common control/ Associate entities	Key Management Personnel
<b>Loan Taken</b>	<b>348</b>	-	-	-	<b>328</b>	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	348	-	-	-	318	-	-	-
<b>Loan Repaid Back</b>	<b>121</b>	-	-	-	<b>298</b>	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	-	-	-	-	298	-	-	-
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited)	121	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Loan Given</b>	-	<b>458</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	-	458	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Interest Income on Loan</b>	-	<b>37</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	-	37	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Interest Expense on Loan</b>	<b>350</b>	-	-	-	<b>374</b>	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	348	-	-	-	364	-	-	-
<b>Interest Expense on Debenture</b>	<b>437</b>	-	-	-	<b>438</b>	-	-	-
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited)	437	-	-	-	438	-	-	-
<b>Receiving of Services</b>	<b>29</b>	-	<b>214</b>	-	<b>52</b>	-	<b>208</b>	-
Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited	-	-	214	-	-	-	208	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	29	-	-	-	52	-	-	-
<b>Director Sitting Fees</b>	-	-	-	<b>3</b>	-	-	-	<b>1</b>
Mr. Umesh Harjivandas Ved	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Mrs. Koushiya Melwani	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Ms. Vesasi Drishti	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
<b>Sale of Assets</b>	-	<b>0</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prayatna Developers Private Limited	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Purchase of Goods</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>1</b>	-	-
Adani Solar Energy AP Six Private Limited (Formerly known as SBG Cleantech Projectco Private Limited)	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
<b>Corporate Guarantee Released</b>	<b>1,087</b>	-	-	-	<b>2,556</b>	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	1,087	-	-	-	2,556	-	-	-
<b>Reimbursement made for dues paid by</b>	-	<b>1</b>	-	-	<b>3</b>	-	-	-
Adani Renewable Energy Holding Four Limited (Formerly known as Adani Green Energy Four Limited)	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
<b>Reimbursement received for dues paid on behalf of</b>	-	<b>305</b>	-	-	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited	-	305	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Solar Energy Four Limited (Formerly known as Kilaj Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited)	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-



36c. Balances With Related Parties

(₹ in Lakhs)

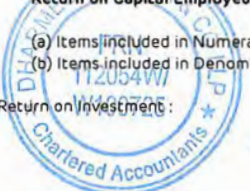
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025				As at 31st March, 2024			
	Holding Company (Including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities under common control/ Associate entities	Key Management Personnel	Holding Company (Including Immediate Holding)	Fellow Subsidiaries and Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company	Entities under common control/ Associate entities	Key Management Personnel
<b>Borrowings (Loan)</b>	<b>4,216</b>	-	-	-	<b>3,988</b>	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	4,216	-	-	-	3,868	-	-	-
<b>Borrowings (Debenture)</b>	<b>4,851</b>	-	-	-	<b>4,851</b>	-	-	-
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited)	4,851	-	-	-	4,851	-	-	-
<b>Interest Accrued but not due (Debenture)</b>	<b>2,207</b>	-	-	-	<b>1,771</b>	-	-	-
Adani Renewable Energy Holding One Limited (Formerly known as Mahoba Solar UP Private Limited)	2,207	-	-	-	1,771	-	-	-
<b>Loans &amp; Advances Given</b>	-	<b>458</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	-	458	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Accounts Payables (Inclusive of Provisions)</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>759</b>	<b>1,386</b>	<b>40</b>	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	15	-	-	-	759	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Six Limited	-	-	-	-	-	1,385	-	-
Mrs. Koushiya Melwani	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
Ms. Drishti Gaurav Vesasi	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited	-	-	41	-	-	-	40	-
<b>Corporate Guarantee Received</b>	<b>18,380</b>	-	-	-	<b>19,467</b>	-	-	-
Adani Green Energy Limited	18,380	-	-	-	19,467	-	-	-

**Note:**  
Refer footnote 1 of Cash Flow Statement for conversion of Unpaid Interest on ICD taken from related parties in to the ICD balances as on reporting date as per the terms of Contract.



37 Ratio Analysis :

Particulars	UoM	For the year ended 31st March, 2025	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	% Variance	Reason for Variance
i) Current Ratio:					
Current Assets (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	2,629	3,488		
Current Liabilities (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	3,780	5,346		
<b>Current Ratio (a/b)</b>	<b>Times</b>	<b>0.70</b>	<b>0.65</b>	<b>6.62 %</b>	Not Applicable
(a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: All types of financial and non financial current assets					
(b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: All types of financial and non financial current liabilities					
ii) Debt-Equity Ratio:					
<b>Considering fund received from sub-ordinated unsecured loan part of promoter's contribution as equity:-</b>					
Total Debts (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	18,300	19,381		
Shareholder's Equity	(₹ in Lakhs)	14,300	13,583		
<b>Debt - Equity Ratio</b>	<b>Times</b>	<b>1.28</b>	<b>1.43</b>	<b>(10.31)%</b>	Not Applicable
(a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Non current borrowings (Excluding Inter corporate deposit)					
(b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Total Equity + Sub-ordinate debts (Inter corporate deposit)					
<b>Not considering fund received from sub-ordinated unsecured loan part of promoter's contribution as equity:-</b>					
Total Debts (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	27,366	28,220		
Shareholder's Equity (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	5,233	4,743		
<b>Debt - Equity Ratio (a/b)</b>	<b>Times</b>	<b>5.23</b>	<b>5.95</b>	<b>(12.11)%</b>	Not Applicable
(i) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Non current borrowings + Intercompany Deposits + Compulsory Convertible Debentures					
(ii) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Total Equity					
iii) Debt Service coverage Ratio:					
Earnings available for Debt services (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	4,734	5,086		
Interest + Installments (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	3,387	3,561		
<b>Debt Service coverage Ratio (a/b)</b>	<b>Times</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>1.43</b>	<b>(2.11)%</b>	Not Applicable
(a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Earning Before Interest, Depreciation and Amortisation					
(b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Interest on Long-Term external loans + Principal Scheduled Repayments of Long-Term external loans (Current maturities of non current borrowings)					
iv) Return on Equity Ratio:					
Net Profit after Taxes (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	490	555		
Equity Shareholder's Fund (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	4,988	4,466		
<b>Return on Equity Ratio</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>9.83 %</b>	<b>12.43 %</b>	<b>20.90 %</b>	Not Applicable
(a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Profit after tax					
(b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Average of Total Equity					
v) Inventory Turnover Ratio :					
Not Applicable					
vi) Trade Receivables turnover Ratio :					
Sales (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	4,805	5,055		
Average Accounts Receivable (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	677	609		
<b>Trade Receivables turnover Ratio (a/b)</b>	<b>Times</b>	<b>7.10</b>	<b>8.31</b>	<b>(14.51)%</b>	Not Applicable
(a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Total Revenue from Contract with Customers					
(b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Average Trade receivables (including Unbilled revenue)					
vii) Trade Payables turnover Ratio :					
Annual Cost of Goods sold & Other expense (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	508	549		
Average Accounts Payable (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	99	100		
<b>Trade Payables turnover Ratio (a/b)</b>	<b>Times</b>	<b>5.13</b>	<b>5.51</b>	<b>(6.99)%</b>	Not Applicable
(a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Total Costs of Goods sold + Other expense					
(b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Average Trade payables					
viii) Net Capital turnover Ratio :					
Sales (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	4,805	5,055		
Working Capital (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	(1,151)	(88)		
<b>Net Capital turnover Ratio (a/b)</b>	<b>Times</b>	<b>(4.18)</b>	<b>(57.48)</b>	<b>92.74 %</b>	Due to decrease in Current liabilities
(a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Total Revenue from Contract with Customers					
(b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Current assets minus Current liabilities					
ix) Net Profit Ratio :					
Profit after Tax (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	490	555		
Sales (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	4,805	5,055		
<b>Net Profit Ratio (a/b)</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>10.21%</b>	<b>10.98%</b>	<b>7.05 %</b>	Not Applicable
(a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Profit after Taxes					
(b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Total Revenue from Contract with Customers					
x) Return on Capital Employed :					
Earnings before Interest and Taxes (a)	(₹ in Lakhs)	3,367	3,719		
Capital Employed (b)	(₹ in Lakhs)	31,439	31,883		
<b>Return on Capital Employed (a/b)</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>10.71%</b>	<b>11.66%</b>	<b>(8.18)%</b>	Not Applicable
(a) Items included in Numerator for computing the above ratios: Profit before tax + Interest expense					
(b) Items included in Denominator for computing the above ratios: Tangible net worth + Long term debt + Deferred tax liability					
xi) Return on Investment :					
Not Applicable					





**38 Due to micro, small and medium enterprises**

Under the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMED) which came in to force from 2nd October, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with management, outstanding dues to the Micro and Small enterprise as defined in the MSMED Act, 2006 are disclosed as below.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier (including capital creditors) as at the year end	7	13
Interest due thereon	-	-
Amount of interest paid by the Restricted Group in terms of section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED.	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	-	-
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years	-	-

The Disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to Micro and Small Enterprises have been made in the financial statements based on the information received and available with the Company. Further in view of the Management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier as at the balance sheet date. These facts have been relied upon by the auditors.

**39 Contract balances:**

(a) The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from the contracts with customers.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Trade receivables (refer note 11)	253	49
Unbilled Revenue (refer note 11)	525	526

The unbilled revenue primarily relate to the Company's right to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date.

**40** The Company's activities during the year revolve around renewable power generation and ancillary activities. Considering the nature of Company's business, as well as based on reviews by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resource allocation and performance measurement, there is only one reportable segment in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS - 108 - "Operating Segments", prescribed under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. As the Company's all revenue is from domestic sales, no separate geographical segment is disclosed.

**41 Recent Pronouncements**

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has notified Ind AS - 117 Insurance Contracts and amendments to Ind AS 116 - Leases, relating to sale and leaseback transactions, applicable to the Group w.e.f. April 1, 2024. The Group has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

**42** The Company uses an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software except the audit trail feature is enabled, for certain direct changes to SAP application and its underlying HANA database when using certain privileged / administrative access rights where the process is started during the year, stabilized and enabled from March 18, 2025. Further, there is no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software where such feature is enabled.

Additionally, the audit trail of relevant prior years has been preserved for record retention to the extent it was enabled and recorded in those respective years by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

**43** In November 2024, the Company's management became aware of an indictment filed by the United States Department of Justice (US DOJ) in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York against two of the executive directors and one of the non-executive director of Adani Green Energy Limited, (the Ultimate Holding Company) and a civil complaint by Securities and Exchange Commission (US SEC) against one executive director and one non-executive director of the Ultimate Holding Company. The Company has not been named in these matters. Having regard to the status of the above-mentioned matters and the fact that there is no allegations / charge to the Company, there is no impact on these Financial Statements.

**44** The Company does not have any transaction to report against the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amendment to Schedule III:

1. Title deeds of immovable property not in the name of the Company
2. Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency
3. Benami Property held under Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)
4. Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies
5. Transaction with Struck off Companies
6. Undisclosed Income
7. Related to Borrowing of Funds:
  - Borrowing obtained on the basis of Security of Current Assets
  - Willful defaulter
  - Utilization of borrowed fund and share premium
  - Discrepancy in utilization of borrowings



- 45** No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.  
During the year, the loan amount of ₹ 30 Lakh was advanced by the Company involving 2 transaction in the month June 2024 to Adani Green Energy Six Limited, a Fellow Subsidiary company which has been further advanced by this entity on same date to Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Five Limited, a Fellow Subsidiary company in the same month. Such transactions are in compliance with the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions are not in violation of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003) and are in the normal course of business.
- 46 Personnel and Other Administrative cost**  
The Company does not have any employee. The operational, management and administrative functions of the company are being managed by ultimate holding Company.
- 47 Events occurring after the Balance sheet Date**  
The Company evaluates events and transactions that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to approval of the financial statements to determine the necessity for recognition and/or reporting of any of these events and transactions in the financial statements. As of 25th April, 2025, there are no subsequent events to be recognized or reported that are not already disclosed.
- 48 Approval of financial statements**  
The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on 25th April, 2025.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725



Anjali Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 191598



Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 25th April, 2025

For and on behalf of the board of directors of  
ADANI SOLAR ENERGY CHITRAKOOT ONE LIMITED  
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ADANI WIND ENERGY (TN) LIMITED)

  
Apurva Dalal

Whole-time Director

DIN: 08655229



Tushar Sonawala

Chief Financial Officer

Place : Ahmedabad

Date : 25th April, 2025



Ketan Dave

Director

DIN: 08658614



Sneha Choudhary

Company Secretary

